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- 1 Representing extended entity-relationship structures in relational databases: a modular approach**

Victor M. Markowitz, Arie Shoshani

September 1992 **ACM Transactions on Database Systems (TODS)**, Volume 17 Issue 3

Full text available: [pdf\(3.18 MB\)](#)

Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [citations](#), [index terms](#), [review](#)

A common approach to database design is to describe the structures and constraints of the database application in terms of a semantic data model, and then represent the resulting schema using the data model of a commercial database management system. Often, in practice, Extended Entity-Relationship (EER) schemas are translated into equivalent relational schemas. This translation involves different aspects: representing the EER schema using relational constructs, assigning n ...

Keywords: database design, extended entity-relationship model, relational data model, schema translation, semantic data model

- 2 DON: user interface presentation design assistant**

Won Chul Kim, James D. Foley

August 1990 **Proceedings of the 3rd annual ACM SIGGRAPH symposium on User interface software and technology**

Full text available: [pdf\(1.33 MB\)](#)

Additional Information: [full citation](#), [references](#), [citations](#), [index terms](#)

- 3 An object-oriented approach to graphical interfaces**

Paul S. Barth

April 1986 **ACM Transactions on Graphics (TOG)**, Volume 5 Issue 2

Full text available: [pdf\(2.23 MB\)](#)

Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [citations](#), [index terms](#), [review](#)

An object-oriented system for building graphical interfaces to programs is discussed. The system, called GROW, facilitates the process of creating interfaces that are highly interactive (including direct manipulation and animation), rich in layout structure, and effectively reusable across applications. These properties are achieved through three techniques: object-based graphics with taxonomic inheritance, interobject relationships such as composition and graphical dependency, and separati ...

- 4 Data model for extensible support of explicit relationships in design databases**

Joan Peckham, Bonnie MacKellar, Michael Doherty

April 1995 The VLDB Journal — The International Journal on Very Large Data Bases,

Volume 4 Issue 2

Full text available:  pdf(2.01 MB)Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [citations](#)

We describe the conceptual model of SORAC, a data modeling system developed at the University of Rhode Island. SORAC supports both semantic objects and relationships, and provides a tool for modeling databases needed for complex design domains. SORAC's set of built-in semantic relationships permits the schema designer to specify enforcement rules that maintain constraints on the object and relationship types. SORAC then automatically generates C++ code to maintain the specified enforcement rules ...

Keywords: computer-aided architectural design, database constraints, relationship semantics, semantic and object-oriented data modeling

- 5 Towards a formal specification method for graphical user interfaces using modularized graph grammars 

M. Goedicke, B. E. Sucrow

March 1996 Proceedings of the 8th International Workshop on Software Specification and Design

Full text available:

 pdf(1.31 MB)Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#)[Publisher Site](#)

Well designed graphical user interfaces offer a high potential to increase the productivity of human users. The necessary condition for such a good performance is that the user interface represents the semantics of the underlying application in a clear and comprehensible way. This means, especially, that not only syntactical layout but also semantic consistency conditions between the various interaction objects have to be presented in a graphical user interface appropriately. This is usually ter ...

Keywords: consistency conditions, formal specification, formal specification method, graph grammar based approach, graph grammars, graphical interaction objects, graphical man machine interfaces, graphical user interfaces, interaction objects, modularization technique, modularized graph grammars, representation schemes, semantic consistency, semantic consistency conditions, semantic feedback, semantics, syntactical layout

- 6 Human-computer interface development: concepts and systems for its management 

H. Rex Hartson, Deborah Hix

March 1989 ACM Computing Surveys (CSUR), Volume 21 Issue 1Full text available:  pdf(7.97 MB)Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [citations](#), [index terms](#), [review](#)

Human-computer interface management, from a computer science viewpoint, focuses on the process of developing quality human-computer interfaces, including their representation, design, implementation, execution, evaluation, and maintenance. This survey presents important concepts of interface management: dialogue independence, structural modeling, representation, interactive tools, rapid prototyping, development methodologies, and control structures. *Dialogue independence* is th ...

- 7 Towards modeling individual and collaborative construction of jigsaws using task knowledge structures (TKS) 

Hilary Johnson, Joanne Hyde

December 2003 ACM Transactions on Computer-Human Interaction (TOCHI), Volume 10 Issue 4Full text available:  pdf(410.91 KB)Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [index terms](#)

Recent years have seen an overwhelming interest in how people work together as a group. Both the nature of collaboration and research into how people collaborate is complex and multifaceted, with different research agendas, types of studies, and variations in the

behavioral data collected. A better understanding of collaboration is needed in order to be able to make contributions to the design of systems to support collaboration and collaborative tasks. In this article, we combine relevant liter ...

Keywords: Modeling, collaborative studies, task analysis

8 **A comparative study of language support for generic programming**

Ronald Garcia, Jaakko Jarvi, Andrew Lumsdaine, Jeremy Siek, Jeremiah Willcock

October 2003 **ACM SIGPLAN Notices , Proceedings of the 18th ACM SIGPLAN conference on Object-oriented programing, systems, languages, and applications**, Volume 38 Issue 11

Full text available:  pdf(237.38 KB) Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [citations](#), [index terms](#), [review](#)

Many modern programming languages support basic generic programming, sufficient to implement type-safe polymorphic containers. Some languages have moved beyond this basic support to a broader, more powerful interpretation of generic programming, and their extensions have proven valuable in practice. This paper reports on a comprehensive comparison of generics in six programming languages: C++, Standard ML, Haskell, Eiffel, Java (with its proposed generics extension), and Generic C. By implementi ...

Keywords: C#, C++, Eiffel, Haskell, Java, generic programming, generics, polymorphism, standard ML

9 **The integrality of speech in multimodal interfaces**

Michael A. Grasso, David S. Ebert, Timothy W. Finin

December 1998 **ACM Transactions on Computer-Human Interaction (TOCHI)**, Volume 5 Issue 4

Full text available:  pdf(179.44 KB) Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [citations](#), [index terms](#)

A framework of complementary behavior has been proposed which maintains that direct-manipulation and speech interfaces have reciprocal strengths and weaknesses. This suggests that user interface performance and acceptance may increase by adopting a multimodal approach that combines speech and direct manipulation. This effort examined the hypothesis that the speed, accuracy, and acceptance of multimodal speech and direct-manipulation interfaces will increase when the modalities match the per ...

Keywords: direct manipulation, input devices, integrality, medical informatics, multimodal, natural-language processing, pathology, perceptual structure, separability, speech recognition

10 **Systems: Structure from anarchy: meta level representation of expert system propositions for natural language interfaces**

Galina Datskovsky Moerdler

February 1988 **Proceedings of the second conference on Applied natural language processing**

Full text available:  pdf(685.46 KB)  Publisher Site Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#)

In this paper we describe a meta level representation used for mapping natural language input into propositions of an expert system. This representation is based on verb classes that are structured hierarchically, with more general information encoded in the top level nodes and more specific information in the lower level nodes. Because of its structure, the representation is able to provide a detailed classification of the propositions, supplying a basis for defining semantics. It allows the sy ...

11 Foundations for the Arcadia environment architecture

Richard N. Taylor, Frank C. Belz, Lori A. Clarke, Leon Osterweil, Richard W. Selby, Jack C. Wileden, Alexander L. Wolf, Michael Young

November 1988 **Proceedings of the third ACM SIGSOFT/SIGPLAN software engineering symposium on Practical software development environments**, Volume 13,

24 Issue 5 , 2

Full text available:  pdf(2.01 MB)

Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [citations](#), [index terms](#), [review](#)

Early software environments have supported a narrow range of activities (programming environments) or else been restricted to a single "hard-wired" software development process. The Arcadia research project is investigating the construction of software environments that are tightly integrated, yet flexible and extensible enough to support experimentation with alternative software processes and tools. This has led us to view an environment as being composed of tw ...

12 DBMS implementation experience: An entity-based database user interface

R. G. G. Cattell

May 1980 **Proceedings of the 1980 ACM SIGMOD international conference on Management of data**

Full text available:  pdf(815.00 KB) Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [citations](#)

A user interface to a database designed for casual, interactive use is presented. The interface is *entity-based*: the data display to the user is based upon entities (e.g., persons, documents, organizations) that participate in relationships, rather than upon relations alone as in the relational data model. Examples from an implementation of the system are shown, for a prototype personal database (PDB), developed in connection with the ZOG system at Carnegie-Mellon University (Robertson et ...

13 Lessons from developing audio HTML interface

Frankie James

January 1998 **Proceedings of the third international ACM conference on Assistive technologies**

Full text available:  txt(50.18 KB) Additional Information: [full citation](#), [references](#), [citations](#), [index terms](#)

Keywords: HTML, WWW, audio interfaces, blind, human-computer interaction

14 Trading and negotiating stream bindings

H. O. Rafaelsen, F. Eliassen

April 2000 **IFIP/ACM International Conference on Distributed systems platforms**

Full text available:  pdf(161.26 KB) Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [citations](#)

Distributed multimedia information systems require a range of different interaction styles ranging from simple remote operation interaction to complex patterns of interaction involving both discrete and continuous data. The standardized reference model for Open Distributed Processing (ODP) defines a binding model that encapsulates different interaction styles within explicit binding objects. In this paper we discuss mechanisms for selecting and negotiating appropriate explicit stream bindings ...

15 Study of a generic graphics package for the development of various user interfaces

Amir A. Khwaja, Raghu Mannam, Joseph E. Urban

April 1992 **Proceedings of the 1992 ACM/SIGAPP Symposium on Applied computing: technological challenges of the 1990's**

Full text available:  pdf(570.50 KB) Additional Information: [full citation](#), [references](#), [index terms](#)

16 Controlling access in multiuser interfaces

Prasun Dewan, Honghai Shen

March 1998 **ACM Transactions on Computer-Human Interaction (TOCHI)**, Volume 5 Issue 1Full text available:  pdf(182.07 KB)Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [citations](#), [index terms](#), [review](#)

Traditionally, access control has been studied in the areas of operating systems and database management systems. With the advent of multiuser interfaces, there is a need to provide access control in the user interface. We have developed a general framework for supporting access control in multiuser interfaces. It is based on the classical notion of an access matrix, a generalized editing-based model of user-application interaction, and a flexible model of user-user coupling. It has been de ...

Keywords: access control, collaboration, computer-supported cooperative work, groupware, privacy, security, structure editors, user interface management systems

17 On the automation of code generation for user interface models

L. C. M. Nova, D. D. Cowan, A. v. Staa, C. J. P. Lucena

October 1994 **Proceedings of the 1994 conference of the Centre for Advanced Studies on Collaborative research**Full text available:  pdf(143.52 KB)Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [index terms](#)

User interfaces for highly interactive software systems are usually handcrafted in spite of the availability of tools for automatic code generation. Since user interfaces typically constitute 50 to 80% of an interactive system, such automation should provide significant increases in productivity and software quality. We outline in this paper a design approach to user interfaces that will support partially automatic code generation. The design approach is based on the Abstract Data View (ADV) whic ...

18 A research topology for object-oriented analysis and design

David E. Monarchi, Gretchen I. Puhr

September 1992 **Communications of the ACM**, Volume 35 Issue 9Full text available:  pdf(9.33 MB)Additional Information: [full citation](#), [references](#), [citations](#), [index terms](#), [review](#)

Keywords: analysis, modeling

19 7a---Capturing Meaning: Open hypermedia as a navigational interface to ontological information spaces

Mark J. Weal, Gareth V. Hughes, David E. Millard, Luc Moreau

September 2001 **Proceedings of the twelfth ACM conference on Hypertext and Hypermedia**Full text available:  pdf(275.20 KB)Additional Information: [full citation](#), [abstract](#), [references](#), [index terms](#)

Ontologies provide a powerful tool for distributed agent-based information systems. However, in their raw form they can be difficult for users to interact with directly. Different query architectures use structured query languages as an interface but these still require the users to have an expert understanding of the underlying ontologies.

By using an Open Hypermedia model as an interface to an ontological information space, users can interact with such a system using familiar browsi ...

Keywords: Agent Based Systems, Fundamental Open Hypermedia Model (FOHM), Ontological Information Spaces

20 Locus looks at the Turing play: hypertextuality vs. full programmability

Jim Rosenberg

May 1998 **Proceedings of the ninth ACM conference on Hypertext and hypermedia : links, objects, time and space---structure in hypermedia systems: links, objects, time and space---structure in hypermedia systems**



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Wilkes, W.; Klahold, P.; Schlageter, G.;

Data Engineering, 1989. Proceedings. Fifth International Conference on , 6-10 Feb. 1989

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King, N.J.;

Selected Areas in Communications, IEEE Journal on , Volume: 6 , Issue: 4 , May 1988

Pages:727 - 731

[Abstract] [PDF Full-Text (480 KB)] IEEE JNL

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Tao, H.; Tadamura, K.; Nakamae, E.;

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[\[Abstract\]](#) [\[PDF Full-Text \(1080 KB\)\]](#) [IEEE CNF](#)**6 InfoCrystal: A visual tool for information retrieval***Spoerri, A.;*

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[\[Abstract\]](#) [\[PDF Full-Text \(656 KB\)\]](#) [IEEE CNF](#)**7 EDIF procedural interface to CAD data***Lay, P.;*

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Semiconductor Manufacturing, IEEE Transactions on , Volume: 16 , Issue: 2 , May 2003

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[\[Abstract\]](#) [\[PDF Full-Text \(759 KB\)\]](#) [IEEE JNL](#)**11 Structure and magnetic properties of (001) NiFe/NiMn/Co***Chih-Huang Lai; Yung-Hung Wang; Lien, W.C.; Lo, C.K.;*

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[\[Abstract\]](#) [\[PDF Full-Text \(72 KB\)\]](#) [IEEE JNL](#)**12 Isotype heterojunctions with flat valence or conduction band**

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13 Implementing a relational database for an accelerated-life-test facility
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14 A case history analysis of software error cause-effect relationships
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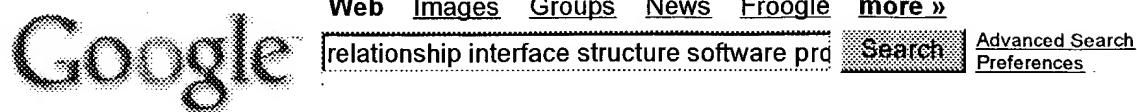
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-	17	("3427443" "3551659" "4819233" "5193180" "5535329" "5579520" "5675805" "5752038" "5790858" "5881268" "5987247" "6088717" "6088732" "6112304" "6117188" "6131095" "6134559").PN.	USPAT	2003/09/09 17:30
-	12	("3427443" "3551659" "4819233" "5193180" "5535329" "5579520" "5752038" "5790858" "5987247" "6088717" "6112304" "6134559").PN.	USPAT	2003/09/09 17:32
-	16	("3427443" "3551659" "4819233" "5193180" "5247678" "5535329" "5579520" "5675805" "5752038" "5790858" "5978583" "5987247" "6044224" "6088717" "6112304" "6134559").PN.	USPAT	2003/09/09 17:33
-	365898	network	USPAT; EPO; JPO	2003/10/02 15:57
-	48787	network and server	USPAT; EPO; JPO	2003/10/02 15:57
-	1185	(network and server) and DLL	USPAT; EPO; JPO	2003/10/02 15:57
-	39	((network and server) and DLL) and IDL	USPAT; EPO; JPO	2003/10/02 15:57
-	36	((network and server) and DLL) and IDL) and distribut\$4	USPAT; EPO; JPO	2003/10/02 15:58
-	34	((((network and server) and DLL) and IDL) and distribut\$4) and model	USPAT; EPO; JPO	2003/10/02 15:58
-	34	((((network and server) and DLL) and IDL) and distribut\$4) and model	USPAT; EPO; JPO	2003/10/02 15:58
-	23	(((((network and server) and DLL) and IDL) and distribut\$4) and model) and meta\$5	USPAT; EPO; JPO	2003/10/02 15:59
-	23	(((((network and server) and DLL) and IDL) and distribut\$4) and model) and meta\$5) and application	USPAT; EPO; JPO	2003/10/02 15:59
-	5	((("5201947") or ("5748962") or ("5978583") or ("6011918") or ("6044224")).PN.	USPAT	2003/10/02 17:02
-	1	("5021947").PN.	USPAT	2003/10/02 17:02

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no source code. Determining communication and resource costs for each component is difficult if not impossible.

Even if you can determine an ideal distribution, evolutionary factors may render it obsolete. Future changes might include the topology of computation resources, network latency, or the need to insert new layers in the component architecture. A sound component distribution coded into the application today might become a serious weakness in the future.

Using Coign, you create an application and leave the details of distribution to the system. After aggregating the necessary prefabricated components and writing the necessary connection code, you are ready to create a distribution version of the application. You instruct the Coign binary re-writing tool to insert the Coign run-time instrumentation into your application. You then run your application through a number of profiling scenarios. Coign's instrumentation discovers which components are used in the application by instrumenting the COM libraries and interfaces at run time. The instrumentation measures all communication between application components.

After completing the profiling scenarios, another Coign tool constructs an abstract model of your application's components and inter-component communication (ICC). The abstract ICC model is network independent. You now deliver the application to your customers. When you customers run your application, a small residual piece of the Coign run time embedded in your application distributes the application to minimize communication costs. Communication is minimized by the Coign runtime which automatically tunes the application's distribution to take into consideration currently k latency and available bandwidth.

The effectiveness of a Coign-chosen distribution is based on how closely the profiling scenarios match a user's usage of the application. Because Coign can re-partition and re-distributed applications without access to application binaries, your customers can even re-profiling the application on site to fully tune the application to their needs.

With Coign, you can create a single application and the Coign ADPS automatically adjust its component distribution as network topology and constraints and customer usage patterns change . You aren't locked into coding a single static distribution choice.

Status:

We have completed an initial implementation of Coign on Windows NT. Coign is the first ADPS to automatically distribute binary applications built from components. Coign has successfully distributed three commercial-grade applications: [Microsoft PhotoDraw 2000](#), the Octarine word processor, and the Corporate Benefits Sample from the [Microsoft Developer Network](#) (MSDN). In all, Coign has successfully distributed more than 2 million lines of component-based applications. In terms of complexity, several of the Octarine scenarios we have tested instantiate over 3,800 components.

From non-distributed applications, Coign has produced distributed applications with communication costs up to 31% lower than other source-free distribution techniques.

Coign has also proven effective in re-optimizing manually distributed applications. In one case, Coign optimized a 3-tier application to reduce communication costs by 54%.

Coign is completely language neutral because it leverages COM's binary standard interfaces and true location transparency. Coign has distributed applications with components written in Visual Basic, C, C++, and x86 Assembler. All of the applications distributed with Coign were created with no *a priori* knowledge of the existence of Coign.

Coign has successfully demonstrated that commercial applications can be automatically distributed without access to application sources. Furthermore, Coign has demonstrated that the internal architecture of existing COM-based applications can be exploited to produce distributed applications with good performance.

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Coign

Executive Summary:

Coign is an automatic distributed partitioning system (ADPS). It converts local COM applications into distributed client-server applications without access to source code. Using scenario-based profiling, Coign discovers the internal structure of an application and cuts the application into client and server components; choosing a distribution that minimizes communication between client and server.

In layman's terms, Coign takes a single-computer application, as shipped on a CD, watches how you use it, then divides it to run simultaneously on two computers to improve its performance.

What is Coign?

Coign is an *Automatically Distributed Partitioning System* (ADPS) for component-based applications. Given either a non-distributed or distributed application built from COM components, Coign will automatically create a new distributed version of the application. Using scenario-based profiling, Coign creates an inter-component communication (ICC) model of the application. Later at execution time, Coign uses the ICC model to partition the application into client and server components and distribute the components across a network to reduce total communication costs. Coign operates on application binaries (.exe and .dll files); analysis, partitioning, and distribution are achieved with no access to application sources. Coign is language independent.

Coign was part of the [Millennium Project](#) at Microsoft Research, a project to develop distributed systems that provide a new level of abstraction for application programmers and users, managing machines and network connections for the programmer in the same way that operating systems today manage pages of memory and disk sectors.

From *The American Heritage Dictionary of the English Language*:

coign noun

1. A stone serving to form an exterior angle of a wall or other piece of masonry; a **cornerstone**.
2. **A keystone.**

A Typical Scenario:

You are assigned the task of creating a large client/server application. Users access the application from their PCs. The application manipulates data stored on a server. To economize development time, you build the application from a number of prefabricated software components. Using known techniques, you can readily connect the components to create your custom application.

Difficulties arise when you must partition components between host computers. Components can reside on the user's PC, the centralized server, or possibly a departmental compute server. Factors influencing your decision include computation or memory resources available on each host, network bandwidth and latency, and constraints on the location of components with access to sensitive data. Choosing an optimal distribution is further complicated by the fact that the prefabricated components are binary objects with